What you need to know about **Cervical Cancer**

Anyone with a cervix is at risk for cervical cancer. 13,000 women are diagnosed with cervical cancer each year in the U.S. HPV (a sexually transmitted infection), smoking and HIV infection are all causes of cervical cancer.

Not everyone who has HPV will get cervical cancer.

Everyone with a cervix should follow these screening guidelines:

- Ages 25-65: HPV test every 5 years or a Pap test every 3 years.
- Ages 65 and older: Speak to your health care provider.

8 in 10 people will get HPV at some point in their lives.

Get the HPV vaccine!

It protects against the types of HPV that can cause cervical cancer and 6 other cancer types (vulvar, penile, vaginal, anal, mouth, and throat). It is recommended for everyone through age 26, if they are not already vaccinated.

Sources: American Cancer Society, National Cancer Institute, CDC



January is Cervical Cancer Awareness Month! For more information about cervical cancer risk and screening guidelines, contact UPMC Hillman Cancer Center at **412-647-1809** or scan the QR code.





